The following is information concerning ABC Company and XYZ Company.

|  | ABC Company | XYZ Company |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| CURRENT ASSETS: |  |  |
| Cash | 18,700 | 33,000 |
| Accounts and Notes Receivable | 43,000 | 59,800 |
| Merchandise Inventory | 88,600 | 119,700 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 4,200 | 6,200 |
| CAPITAL ASSETS: |  |  |
| Pledged Plant \& Equipment (Net) | 284,100 | 288,600 |
|  | 438,600 | 507,300 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: |  |  |
| Accounts Payable | 35,300 | 64,700 |
| Short Term Notes | 25,000 | 30,000 |
| LONG TERM LIABILITIES: |  | 100,000 |
| Long Term Notes (Secured) | 175,000 | 180,000 |
| EQUITY: | 123,300 | 132,600 |
| Common Shares | 438,600 | 507,300 |
| Retained Earnings |  |  |
|  | 17,500 | 18,000 |

Data from Current Year Income Statement:

| Sales | 625,000 | 780,500 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cost of Goods Sold | 372,500 | 465,200 |
| Interest Expense | 8,000 | 11,000 |
| Income Tax Expense | 13,800 | 21,900 |
| Net Income | 75,300 | 95,800 |

Beginning of Year and Other Data:

| Accounts Receivable | 28,800 | 52,900 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Merchandise Inventory | 54,900 | 101,000 |
| Total Assets | 388,100 | 422,500 |
| Common Shares | 175,000 | 180,000 |
| Retained Earnings | 100,500 | 90,800 |
| Market Value per Share | 40 | 30 |
| Dividend per Share | 3.00 | 3.00 |

Calculate the following ratios and underline the company's ratio that you believe is the best:

## Working Paper:

Current Ratio $=$ Current Assets $/$ Current Liabilities
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Quick Ratio = Quick Assets / Current Liabilities
ABC Company =
XYZ Company $=$
Accounts Receivable Turnover $=$ Sales $/$ Average Receivables
ABC Company $=$
XYZ Company $=$
Merchandise Inventory Turnover = Cost of Goods / Average Inventory
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Days Sales Uncollected = Accounts Receivable / Sales X 365
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Days Stock in Inventory = Inventory / Cost of Goods X 365
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Debt Ratio $=$ Total Liabilities $/$ Total Assets X 100
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Equity Ratio = Total Equity $/$ Total Assets X 100
ABC Company = XYZ Company =

Pledged Assets to Secured Liabilities $=$ Pledged Assets $/$ Secured Liabilities
ABC Company =
XYZ Company $=$
Times Interest Earned $=($ Net Income + Income Tax + Interest Expense $) /$ Interest Expense
ABC Company =
XYZ Company $=$
Gross Margin $=($ Sales - Cost of Goods $) /$ Sales X 100
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =

Profit Margin $=$ Net Income $/$ Sales X 100
ABC Company $=$
XYZ Company =
Total Asset Turnover $=$ Sales $/$ Average Total Assets
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Return on Total Assets $=$ Net Income $/$ Average Total Assets X 100
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Return on Equity $=$ Net Income $/$ Average Shareholders Equity X 100
ABC Company $=$
XYZ Company =
Book Value per Share = Common Share Dollars / Number of Common Shares
ABC Company $=$ XYZ Company $=$

Earnings per Share $=$ Net Income $/$ Number of Shares
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Price Earnings Ratio $=$ Market Value per Share $/$ Earnings per Share
ABC Company =
XYZ Company =
Dividend Yield = Dividend per Share $/$ Market Value per Share X 100
ABC Company $=$
XYZ Company =

## Answer:

Current Ratio $=$ Current Assets $/$ Current Liabilities
ABC Company $=(18,700+43,000+88,600+4,200) /(35,300+25,000)=\underline{\mathbf{2 . 5 6}: \mathbf{1}}$
XYZ Company $=(33,000+59,800+119,700+6,200) /(64,700+30,000)=\mathbf{2 . 3 1 :} \mathbf{1}$
Quick Ratio = Quick Assets / Current Liabilities
ABC Company $=(18,700+43,000) /(35,300+25,000)=\underline{\mathbf{1 . 0 2}: \mathbf{1}}$
XYZ Company $=(33,000+59,800) /(64,700+30,000)=\overline{\mathbf{0 . 9 8 : \mathbf { 1 }}}$
Accounts Receivable Turnover $=$ Sales $/$ Average Receivables
ABC Company $=625,000 /[(28,800+43,000) / 2]=\underline{\mathbf{1 7 . 4 1} \text { Times }}$
XYZ Company $=780,500 /[(52,900+59,800) / 2]=\mathbf{1 3 . 8 5}$ Times
Merchandise Inventory Turnover $=$ Cost of Goods / Average Inventory
ABC Company $=372,500 /[(54,900+88,600) / 2]=\mathbf{5 . 1 9}$ Times
XYZ Company $=465,200 /[(101,000+119,700) / 2]=4.22$ Times
Days Sales Uncollected = Accounts Receivable / Sales X 365
ABC Company $=43,000 / 625,000 \times 365=\underline{\mathbf{2 5 . 1 1}}$ Days
XYZ Company $=59,800 / 780,500 \times 365=\mathbf{2 7 . 9 7}$ Days
Days Stock in Inventory = Inventory / Cost of Goods X 365
ABC Company $=88,600 / 372,500 \times 365=\underline{\mathbf{8 6 . 8 2} \text { Days }}$
XYZ Company $=119,700 / 465,200$ X $365=93.92$ Days
Debt Ratio $=$ Total Liabilities $/$ Total Assets X 100
ABC Company $=(35,300+25,000+80,000) / 438,600$ X $100=\underline{\mathbf{3 1 . 9 9 \%}}$
XYZ Company $=(64,700+30,000+100,000) / 507,300$ X $100=\mathbf{3 8 . 3 8 \%}$
Equity Ratio $=$ Total Equity $/$ Total Assets X 100
ABC Company $=(175,000+123,300) / 438,600 \mathrm{X} 100=\underline{\mathbf{6 8 . 0 1 \%}}$
XYZ Company $=(180,000+132,600) / 507,300$ X $100=\mathbf{6 1 . 6 2 \%}$
Pledged Assets to Secured Liabilities $=$ Pledged Assets $/$ Secured Liabilities
ABC Company $=284,100 / 80,000=\mathbf{3 . 5 5}: \mathbf{1}$
XYZ Company $=288,600 / 100,000=2.89: \mathbf{1}$
Times Interest Earned $=($ Net Income + Income Tax + Interest Expense $) /$ Interest Expense
ABC Company $=(75,300+13,800+8,000) / 8,000=\underline{\mathbf{1 2 . 1 4} \text { Times }}$
XYZ Company $=(95,800+21,900+11,000) / 11,000=\mathbf{1 1 . 7 0}$ Times
Gross Margin $=($ Sales - Cost of Goods $) /$ Sales X 100
ABC Company $=(625,000-372,500) / 625,000 \mathrm{X} 100=\mathbf{4 0 . 4 0 \%}$
XYZ Company $=(780,500-465,200) / 780,500$ X $100=\mathbf{4 0 . 4 0 \%}$

Profit Margin $=$ Net Income $/$ Sales X 100
ABC Company $=75,300 / 625,000$ X $100=\mathbf{1 2 . 0 5 \%}$
XYZ Company $=95,800 / 780,500 \times 100=\underline{\mathbf{1 2 . 2 7} \%}$
Total Asset Turnover $=$ Sales $/$ Average Total Assets
ABC Company $=625,000 /[(388,100+438,600) / 2]=\mathbf{1 . 5 1}$ Times
XYZ Company $=780,500 /[(422,500+507,300) / 2]=\underline{\mathbf{1 . 6 8} \text { Times }}$
Return on Total Assets $=$ Net Income $/$ Average Total Assets X 100
ABC Company $=75,300 /[(388,100+438,600) / 2]$ X $100=\mathbf{1 8 . 2 2 \%}$
XYZ Company $=95,800 /[(422,500+507,300) / 2] X 100=\underline{\mathbf{2 0 . 6 1 \%}}$
Return on Equity $=$ Net Income $/$ Average Shareholders Equity X 100
ABC Company $=75,300 /\{[(175,000+100,500)+(175,000+123,300)] / 2\} \mathrm{X} 100=$ 26.25\%

XYZ Company $=95,800 /\{[(180,000+90,800)+(180,000+132,600)] / 2\}$ X $100=$ 32.84\%

Book Value per Share $=$ Common Share Dollars $/$ Number of Common Shares
ABC Company $=175,000 / 17,500=\$ 10.00 \quad$ (Neither one is
XYZ Company $=180,000 / 18,000=\$ 10.00 \quad$ Good or Bad.)
Earnings per Share $=$ Net Income $/$ Number of Shares
ABC Company $=75,300 / 17,500=\$ 4.30$
XYZ Company $=95,800 / 18,000=\underline{\mathbf{\$ 5 . 3 2}}$
Price Earnings Ratio $=$ Market Value per Share $/$ Earnings per Share
ABC Company $=40 / 4.30=\mathbf{9 . 3 0}: \mathbf{1}$
XYZ Company $=30 / 5.32=\underline{\mathbf{5 . 6 4 :} \mathbf{1}}$
Dividend Yield $=$ Dividend per Share $/$ Market Value per Share X 100
ABC Company $=3.00 / 40 \times 100=\mathbf{7 . 5 0 \%}$
XYZ Company $=3.00 / 30$ X $100=\underline{\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0 \%}}$

